

#### CAPITAL FIXED ASSET POLICY

#### INTRODUCTION

New Jersey City University's ("NJCU") Fixed Assets Office is charged with the responsibility of inventorying, safeguarding, maintaining, and controlling fixed assets.

The Fixed Assets Office is committed to meeting the needs of NJCU and its departments and to ensure that state laws and NJCU regulations are followed.

NJCU is authorized to carry out the purchasing function through the general policies, guidelines and procedures of Chapter 64 of Title 18A of the New Jersey Statutes (The State College Contract Law). The office is also responsible for ensuring that grant capital purchases follow the guidelines listed in 2 CFR 200 for Federal Grants and State Circular 19-11 and 15-08 for State Grants.

The Purchasing Department is the central purchasing authority for NJCU and is responsible for managing the procurement process on a University-wide level including orders, contracts and legal agreements associated with the acquisition of goods and services that support NJCU's initiatives.

### **PURPOSE**

To establish NJCU's policies and procedures regarding the guidelines for fixed assets and capitalization of purchases.

This document is intended to be the official method to assist all NJCU employees in understanding NJCU's fixed asset process. It has also been developed in accordance with New Jersey State statutes and NJCU polices. As a public institution, we are required to follow these regulations in the conduct of our day-to-day business.

#### SCOPE

This policy applies to all faculty and staff and uniformly to all funds administered by NJCU such as departmental budgets, capital funds and restricted accounts including federal, state, and local grants, contracts and specially funded programs.

#### **POLICY**

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The Purchasing Department is responsible for making the final determination of source and supply of goods and services. These decisions will be made in conjunction with the department's user, as appropriate. The Purchasing Department serves as the exclusive channel through which all bids and quotations are handled. NJCU departments may correspond with suppliers in cases where informal prices are needed or where technical details are necessary. In such cases, proper communication and coordination with the Purchasing Department is required prior to committing to such purchases.

# **General Ledger Accounts**

The following general ledger account numbers are to be used for purchasing all fixed assets:

19101 Infrastructure

19102 Furniture

19103 Land

19104 Land Improvements

19105 Vehicles

19106 Buildings and Building Improvements

19107 Equipment

19108 Enterprise Software (eg. PeopleSoft software and initial license)\*

\*Used by ITS and CIS only

# **Receiving of Goods**

There is no central Receiving Department for goods. Therefore, the department ordering the goods will be the responsible party to receive the items ordered and ensure that the goods received are correct. Generally, all orders are received with a packing slip. This packing slip will be compared against the items received. Proper receipt of goods will be acknowledged by signing and dating the packing slip.

#### **Fixed Assets**

A fixed asset is generally any asset purchased for use in the day-to-day operation of NJCU from which an economic benefit will be derived over a period greater than one year and a value of \$5,000 or more. At the time a fixed asset is acquired, its cost (purchase price as well as costs to acquire, install, secure, and prepare the item for use) is capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method over the useful life of the asset class. An asset's useful life is the period of time over which services are expected to be rendered by the asset. Below is the estimated useful life as follows for each asset class:

Note: For value of assets for grant funded purchases, please refer to the 2 CFR 200 for Federal Grants and Circular 19-11 for State Grants.

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Asset Type	<b>Useful Life</b>
Building	25 - 50
Building improvements	10
Land improvements	20
Infrastructure	20
Equipment	5 - 15
Computers > \$5k	5
Vehicles	10

## **Buildings**

Buildings include all buildings owned by NJCU, either purchased or donated, and any building improvements costing \$5,000 or more. This includes buildings used, rented, or held for investment as well as leasehold property. If there is uncertainty as to whether the project should be capitalized, the Fixed Assets Office should be contacted for assistance.

## **Building Improvements**

These expenditures include the cost of renovations, betterments, or improvements of existing property. To capitalize costs, the improvements must fulfill at least one of the following criteria.

- a. The useful life of the property is extended.
- b. The asset is improved or restored to its original condition.
- c. The quality of the units/services produced from the asset is enhanced.
- d. Adapt the property to a new or different use.
- e. In all instances above, the cost must exceed \$5,000.

Note: Normal maintenance including painting and fixing leaking facets should be expensed to GL account 51203 – Buildings and Grounds Maintenance.

#### Land

Land includes all land owned by NJCU, either purchased or donated, and used, rented, or held for investment.

#### **Land Improvements**

Land improvements are modifications to outside areas. This includes installing sidewalks, parking lots, fences, and yard lighting. Land improvements costing \$5,000 or more are capitalized, otherwise, they are expensed in the period in which the improvement occurred.

#### Infrastructure

Infrastructure includes all items of campus systems improvements owned by NJCU costing more than \$5,000. Infrastructure items include roadways, sidewalks, passages, and utilities

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including steam tunnels, sewer systems, energy management systems, and electrical and telecommunication distribution systems. If there is uncertainty as to whether the project should be capitalized, the Fixed Assets Office should be contacted for assistance.

# **Equipment**

Equipment is defined as any movable property, machinery, vehicles, computers, and furniture costing at least \$5,000 per unit that is not a replacement part. Component items that form one working equipment system are combined for capitalization purposes. The "system" definition applies to computer configurations, AV equipment, and scientific or manufacturing equipment. Additions to equipment that become either component parts or permanently connected to existing equipment items are also defined as equipment and should be capitalized, regardless of cost. Each item of equipment acquired will be assigned a serially numbered NJCU tag affixed to the equipment and marked "NJCU".

Note: Expense to Account 50201 – Equipment less than \$5,000

#### **Vehicles**

Vehicles are defined as all means of transportation that require a license plate to be driven outside of NJCU grounds. Vehicles include cars, buses, and trucks. If the vehicle does not require a license plate and can be driven, NJCU will refer to this as Equipment.

## Computers (Laptops, computers and printers)

Computer equipment purchased separately such as printers, which cost less than \$5,000, will be listed in the Fixed Asset System for tracking purposes. Although these items will not be capitalized and depreciated, NJCU will be tagging these items with special tags and adding them to the list of assets that NJCU owns due to the environmental disposal laws as discussed in the "Disposal of a Fixed Asset." These items will be included in the Fixed Asset System and subsequent inventory counts will be performed on these items.

Note: Expense to Account 50200 – Computer Equipment less than \$5,000

#### **Computer Licensing and Software Maintenance Contracts**

A software license is a document that states the rights of the developer and user of a piece of software. It defines how the software can be used and how it will be paid for.

Licenses typically are expressed as an end-user license agreement or an enterprise license agreement. The license is a contract between the user or user organization and the developer. It defines the terms of the license. A user must agree to the terms of the license when acquiring the software.

Software also comes with a license key or product key. The key is used to identify and verify the specific version of the software. It is also used to activate the software on a specific computer or device.

There are generally three stages in determining if the software licensing should be capitalized.

- 1. Preliminary Stage
- 2. Application development

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#### 3. Post-implementation operation

Only the items that occur during the application development stage qualify as a capital expenditure.

Internal and external costs of the project during the application development stage qualifies as capital. Typical costs include direct materials or services contributing to the project, travel, payroll and payroll-related costs for employees directly associated with the project, testing costs, and installation costs.

Upgrades and/or enhancements to internal use computer software will only be capitalized if the expenditures results in additional functionality.

A new GASB requirement for Software Maintenance contracts (GASB 96) was issued in FY 23. Due to this new requirement, all software maintenance contracts must be reviewed and approved by the IT department. Contact the Fixed Asset Office for further information.

Note: Annual maintenance contracts are not considered a capital asset. These should be expensed to GL Account 51199 - Software Maintenance.

#### **Bulk Purchases**

Items that are routinely purchased as a set and have a value of \$5,000 or more will be capitalized and depreciated. For example, if a table and four chairs were purchased from the "same vendor" as a set, and the cost of the table was \$4,000 and the cost of each chair was \$250 for a complete total of \$5,000, then the purchase would be considered a capital expenditure. However, if the total cost was less than \$5,000, then the purchase is expensed using GL Account 50202.

Another example would be if we purchased furniture and fixtures to outfit an entire new floor, building, or suite, that purchase would be considered a capital expenditure and depreciated.

Note: Individual fixed assets with a value of less than \$5,000 per unit (not a set or bulk) will be expensed immediately using the following general ledger account codes:

50200 - Computer less than \$5,000

50201 - Equipment less than \$5,000

50202 - Furniture less than \$5,000

50203 - Software less than \$5,000

#### **Artwork and Historical Treasures**

NJCU does not capitalize works of art or historical treasures. These will be expensed upon purchase.

## **Non-Capital Assets**

Noncapital Assets are items that do not meet the capitalization criteria of a Fixed Asset. These items are expensed in the year of purchase.

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#### **Grant Purchased Assets**

Capital assets purchased under a federal or state grant must follow guidelines listed in either 2 CFR 200.311 for Federal Grants or State Circular 15-08 for State Grants. You must contact the Fixed Asset Office to obtain guidance on purchasing or disposing of those asssets.

# **Receipt of Goods**

Upon receipt of goods purchased, a representative from the Fixed Assets Office will visit the department with a complete Asset Inventory Form (Appendix A) and tag the item(s) purchased. This tag is tracked in the Fixed Asset System, whereby, depreciation is calculated for capitalized assets. A copy of the packing slip will be given to the Accounts Payable Department for use in processing an invoice for payment in accordance with the Procurement Service Policies and Procedures.

# **Inventory Count**

Periodically, an inventory of all assets will be conducted for each Department. This inventory count will reconcile the items being carried in the Fixed Asset System with the items located in the Department. During the inventory count, all items will be counted and marked physically on a list of the assets for that Department. If any items can not be located, the Fixed Asset Accountant will seek the help of staff members in the Department in an effort to locate the item(s).

# **Transfer & Disposal of Assets**

- 1. Department Location Change
  - a. Prior to a department moving from one location to another, the Fixed Asset Office will conduct a department inventory. Once completed, the Fixed Asset Office will update the Fixed Asset System with the new location. An updated Capital list will be provided along with an authorized transfer form.
- 2. Transfers and Disposal of Individual Asset

#### a. Transfers:

- i. Prior to notifying Housekeeping, an Equipment Transfer/ Disposal form (Appendix A) must be completed and forwarded to the Fixed Asset Office for approval. Upon receipt, the Fixed Asset Office will make the appropriate changes to the Fixed Asset System. Once completed, the Fixed Asset Office will provide the initiating department a confirmation e-mail as well as an updated transfer form to proceed with entering a work order request to arrange for a transfer of the asset from one location to another.
- ii. If an employee transfers from one job to another and the technological equipment moves with the employee, then an Equipment

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Transfer/Disposal form (Appendix A) must be completed and forwarded to the Fixed Asset Office. Upon receipt of the form, the asset will be updated in the Fixed Asset System.

## b. Disposals:

i. If a department determines an asset(s) meet any of the criteria in (Appendix A: Section III), then an Equipment Transfer/Disposal form (Appendix A) must be completed and forwarded to the Fixed Asset Office prior to notifying Housekeeping for disposal. Upon receipt, the Fixed Asset Office will make the appropriate changes to the Fixed Asset System. Once completed, the Fixed Asset Office will provide the initiating department with a confirmation e-mail as well as an updated disposal form to proceed with entering a work order request to arrange for disposal of the asset(s).

**Note:** Disposal of computers are to be disposed of properly in accordance with state and federal laws for environmental responsible disposition with the Computer Disposal Policy and Procedures and between the Information Technology Department and the Fixed Assets Office. If it is determined that computer equipment cannot be reused or recycled, then it should be disposed of in accordance with NJCU computer disposal procedures.

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# Appendix A: EQUIPMENT TRANSFER / DISPOSAL FORM

# **INSTRUCTIONS**

This form is to be filled out when any University equipment is to be transferred or disposed of.

- 1. Fill out Section I.
- 2. When Transferring equipment, complete Section II
- 3. When Disposing of equipment, complete Section III
- 4. Send completed form to:

## Controller's office – Fixed Asset Office - Hepburn Hall – Room 102

If you have any questions regarding this form or your department inventory, you can contact the Controller's Office on Extension 3274.

	<u>QUIPMENT DETAIL</u>	
Approved by (		Date
11	` <u> </u>	Signature
Timiled Ivallie		Signature
Tag#	Description	Serial#
Tag#	Description	Serial#
Tag#	Description	Serial#
Section II: EQUIPMENT TRANSFER  (Please Print) New Department/Building/Room, if applicable:  New Department Acceptance (Sign & Date)		
Section III: EQUIPMENT DISPOSAL		
For equipment disposed of, please check the appropriate line below:  Stolen (Please attach a copy from Security notifying them of theft.)		
Returned to vendor (Please attach a copy of the credit memo from the vendor.) Obsolete		
FIXED ASSET OFFICE USE ONLY: AUTHORIZED BY		
Note: A authorized form must be attached to work order for Housekeeping to proceed with Transfer or Disposal request.  DATE		

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